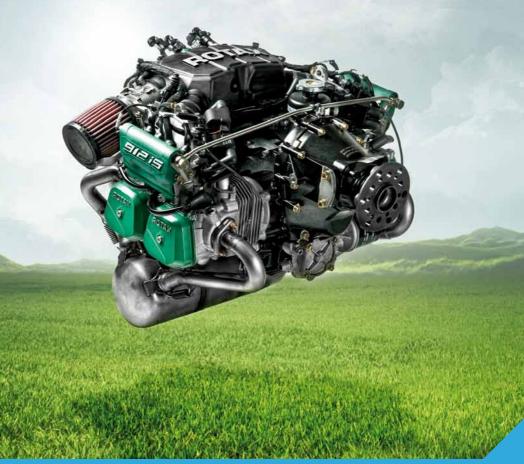


OPERATORS MANUAL FOR ROTAX® ENGINE TYPE 912 I SERIES



ref. no.: OM-912 i | part no.: 898740

picture: ROTAX[®] 912 iS with options

Before starting the engine, read the Operators Manual, as it contains important safety relevant information. Failure to do so may result in personal injuries including death. Consult the original equipment manufacturers handbook for additional instructions!

These technical data and the information embodied therein are the property of BRP-Powertrain GmbH&Co KG, Austria, acc, BGBI 1984 no. 448, and shall not, without prior written permission of BRP-Powertrain GmbH&Co KG, be disclosed in whole or in part to third parties. This legend shall be included on any reproduction of these data, in whole or in part. The Manual must remain with the engine/aircraft in case of sale.

Copyright 2012 © - all rights reserved.

 $ROTAX_{\odot}$ is a trade mark of BRP-Powertrain GmbH&Co KG. In the following document the short form of BRP-Powertrain GmbH&Co KG = BRP-Powertrain is used.

Other product names in this documentation are used purely for ease of identification and may be trademarks of the respective company or owner.

Approval of translation has been done to best knowledge and judgement - in any case the original text in german language is authoritative.

Introduction

Foreword Chapter structure	BRP-Powertrain provides "Instructions of Continued Airworthi- ness", which are based on the design, the tests and certification of the engine and its components. These instructions apply only to engines and components supplied by BRP-Powertrain. This Operator Manual contains important information about safe operation of the engine, together with descriptions of the system and its layout, technical data, operating media and the operational limits of the engine. The specified data apply only to the engine and not to specific ap- plications in particular aircraft. The aircraft manufacturers Opera- tors Manual is therefore definitive in terms of the operation of the engine, as it contains all of the aircraft-specific instructions. The structure of the Manual follows whenever it is possible the structure of the "GAMA Specification #1 for Pilot's Operating Handbook". The Operators Manual is subdivided into the following			
	chapters:			
	Subject	Chapter		
	Introduction	Chapter INTRO		
	List of effective pages	Chapter LEP)		
	Table of amendments	Chapter TOA)		
	General note	Chapter 1)		
	Operating instructions	Chapter 2)		
	Standard operation	Chapter 3)		
	Abnormal operation			
	Abriotitiai operation	Chapter 4)		
	Performance data	Chapter 4) Chapter 5)		
	Performance data	Chapter 5)		
	Performance data Weights	Chapter 5) Chapter 6)		
	Performance data Weights Description of systems	Chapter 5) Chapter 6) Chapter 7)		

NOTES

LEP) List of effective pages

Chapter	Page	Date	Chapter	Page	Date
	cover page		4	4-1	01 01 2012
INTRO	INTRO-1	01 01 2012		4-2 4-3	07 01 2012 01 01 2012
	INTRO-2	01 01 2012		4-4	01 01 2012
LEP	LEP-1	07 01 2012		4-5	01 01 2012
	LEP-2	01 01 2012		4-6	01 01 2012
TOA	TOA-1	07 01 2012		4-7 4-8	01 01 2012 01 01 2012
	TOA-2 TOA-3	01 01 2012 07 01 2012		4-9	01 01 2012
	TOA-4	01 01 2012		4-10	01 01 2012
1	1-1	01 01 2012	5	5-1	01 01 2012
	1-2	01 01 2012		5-2	01 01 2012
	1-3	01 01 2012		5-3	01 01 2012
	1-4	01 01 2012		5-4	01 01 2012
	1-5	01 01 2012	6	6-1	01 01 2012
	1-6 1-7	01 01 2012 01 01 2012		6-2	01 01 2012
	1-8	01 01 2012	7	7-1	01 01 2012
	1-9	01 01 2012		7-2	01 01 2012
	1-10	01 01 2012		7-3 7-4	01 01 2012 01 01 2012
	1-11	07 01 2012		7-5	01 01 2012
	1-12 1-13	07 01 2012 01 01 2012		7-6	01 01 2012
	1-14	01 01 2012		7-7	01 01 2012
2	2-1	01 01 2012		7-8 7-9	01 01 2012 01 01 2012
	2-2	07 01 2012		7-10	01 01 2012
	2-3	07 01 2012		7-11	01 01 2012
	2-4	01 01 2012		7-12	01 01 2012
	2-5 2-6	01 01 2012 01 01 2012	8	8-1	01 01 2012
	2-7	01 01 2012		8-2	01 01 2012
	2-8	01 01 2012	9	9-1	01 01 2012
3	3-1	01 01 2012		9-2	01 01 2012
	3-2	01 01 2012		9-3 9-4	01 01 2012 01 01 2012
	3-3	01 01 2012		9-4	01 01 2012
	3-4 3-5	01 01 2012 01 01 2012		9-6	01 01 2012
	3-6	01 01 2012		9-7	01 01 2012
	3-7	01 01 2012		9-8	01 01 2012
	3-8	01 01 2012		rear page	
	3-9	01 01 2012			
	3-10 3-11	01 01 2012 01 01 2012	L	1	<u> </u>
	3-11	01 01 2012			
	3-13	01 01 2012			
	3-14	01 01 2012			

d05430.fm

NOTES

Approval*

The technical content of this documents is approved under the authority DOA ref. EASA.21J.048

	current no.	chapter	page	date of change	remark for approval	date of approval from authorities	date of inclusion	signa- ture
	0	1 up to 9	all	01 01 2012				
1	1	LEP	LEP-1	07 01 2012	DOA*			
	1	TOA	TOA-1, 3	07 01 2012	DOA*			
	1	1	1-11, 11-12	07 01 2012	DOA*			
	1	2	2-2, 2-3	07 01 2012	DOA*			
	1	4	4-2	07 01 2012	DOA*			

NOTES

TOA) Summary of amendments

Content Summary of the relevant amendments in this context, but with requirement on completeness.					,
	Current	Chapter	Page	Date of change	Comments
	No.				
	1	1	1-11	07 01 2012	Standard version corrected
	1	1	1-12	07 01 2012	Certification supplemented
	1	2	2-2	07 01 2012	Oil pressure
	1	2	2-3	07 01 2012	Ambient temperature
	1	4	4-2	07 01 2012	Available landing site

d05431.fm

NOTES

1) General note

Foreword Before operating the engine, carefully read this Operators Manual. The Manual provides you with basic information on the safe operation of the engine.

If any passages of the Manual are not clearly understood or in case of any questions, please contact an authorized Distributor or Service Center for ROTAX aircraft engines.

We wish you much pleasure and satisfaction flying your aircraft with this ROTAX aircraft engine.

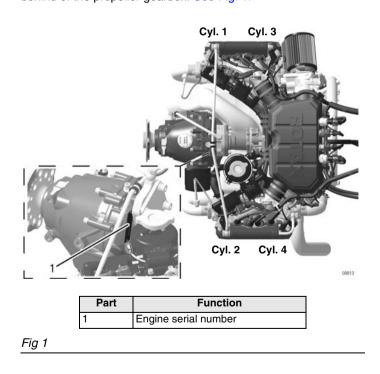
Table of contentsThis chapter of the Operators Manual contains general and safety
information concerning the operation of the aircraft engine.

Subject	Page
General note	Page 1-1
Abbreviations and terms used in this Manual	Page 1-3
Safety	Page 1-5
Safety notice	Page 1-6
Technical documentation	Page 1-9
Standard version	Page 1-11
Type description	Page 1-12
Engine components, engine views, cylinder designation	Page 1-13
Technical data	Page 1-14
Fuel consumption	Page 1-14
Direction of rotation	Page 1-14

d05432.fm

1.1) General note

Purpose	The purpose of this Operators Manual is provided to familiarize the owner/user of this aircraft engine with basic operating instruc- tions and safety information.
Documentation	For more detailed information regarding, maintenance, safety- or flight operation, consult the documentation provided by the aircraft manufacturer and/or dealer.
	For additional information on engines, maintenance or parts, you can also contact your nearest authorized ROTAX-aircraft engine distributor (Chapter 9.2).
Engine serial num- ber	When making inquiries or ordering parts, always indicate the en- gine serial number, as the manufacturer makes modifications to the engine for product improvement.
	The engine serial number is located on the top of the crankcase, behind of the propeller gearbox. See Fig. 1.



Effectivity: 912 i Series OM Edition 1/Rev. 0 d05432.fm

1.2) Abbreviations and terms used in this Manual

Abbreviation

Abbreviation	Description
°C	Degrees Celsius (Centigrade)
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
rpm	Revolutions per minute
912 iS	see OM (Type designation)
912 iSc	see OM (Type designation)
A	Ampere
A/C	Aircraft
ACG	Austro Control GmbH
API	American Petrol Institute
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
ATA	Air Transport Association
CAN/CGSB	Canadian General Standards Board
CSA	Constant Speed Actuator
CS-E	Certification Specifications for Engines
CW	Clockwise
CCW	Counter-clockwise
DOA	Design Organisation Approval
EASA	European Aviation Safety Agency
ECU	Engine Control Unit
EMS	Engine Management System
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAR	Federal Aviation Regulations
h	hours
IFR	Instrument Flight Rules
INTRO	Introduction
iRMT	independent ROTAX Maintenance Technician
ISA	International Standard Atmosphere
kg	kilograms
kW	Kilowatt
LANE EMS A+B	Lane ECU
LEP	List of effective pages
MON	Motor octane number
Nm	Newton meter
ОМ	Operators Manual
part no.	Part number

Abbreviation	Description
RON	Research Octane Number
RV	Record of Revisions
RON	Research Octane Number
ROTAX	is a trade mark of BRP-Powertrain GmbH & Co KG
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SI	Service Instruction
SB	Service Bulletin
SL	Service Letter
TC	Type certificate
TOA	Table of amendments
V	Volt
VFR	Visual Flight Rules

1.3) Safety

General note	Although the reading of such information does not eliminate the hazard, understanding the information will promote its correct use. Always use common workshop safety practice. The information and components-/system descriptions contained in this Manual are correct at the time of publication. BRP-Powertrain, however, maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to install them on its products previously manufactured.
Revision	BRP-Powertrain reserves the right at any time, and without incur- ring obligation, to remove, replace or discontinue any design, specification, feature or otherwise.
Measure	Specifications are given in the SI metric system with the USA equivalent in parenthesis.
Translation	This document has been translated from German language and the original German text shall be deemed authoritative.
Symbols used	This Manual uses the following symbols to emphasize particular information. This information is important and must be observed.
	▲ WARNING Identifies an instruction which, if not fol- lowed, may cause serious injury including the possibility of death.
	CAUTION Identifies an instruction which, if not fol- lowed, may cause minor or moderate inju- ry.
	NOTICE Denotes an instruction which, if not followed, may severely damage the engine or other components.
	NOTES: Indicates supplementary information which may be needed to fully complete or under- stand an instruction.
	ENVIRONMENT NOTE
	Environment note gives you tips and behaviors to environmental protection.
	A revision bar outside of the page margin in- dicates a change to text or graphic.

1.4) Safety notice

Normal use

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Never fly the aircraft equipped with this engine at locations, airspeeds, altitudes, or other circumstances from which a successful nopower landing cannot be made, after sudden engine stoppage.

- This engine is not suitable for acrobatics (inverted flight, etc.).
- This engine shall not be used on rotorcrafts with an in-flight driven rotor (e.g. helicopters).
- It should be clearly understood that the choice, selection and use of this particular engine on any aircraft is at the sole discretion and responsibility of the aircraft manufacturer, assembler and owner/user.
- Due to the varying designs, equipment and types of aircraft, BRP-Powertrain grants no warranty or representation on the suitability of its engine's use on any particular aircraft. Further, BRP-Powertrain grants no warranty or representation of this engine's suitability with any other part, components or system which may be selected by the aircraft manufacturer, assembler or user for aircraft application.

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Unless correctly equipped to provide enough electrical power for night IFR (according latest requirement as ASTM), the ROTAX 912 iS is restricted to DAY VFR only.

- Certain areas, altitudes and conditions present greater risk than others. The engine may require humidity or dust/sand preventative equipment, or additional maintenance may be required.
- You should be aware that any engine may seize or stall at any time. This could lead to a crash landing and possible severe injury or death. For this reason, we recommend strict compliance with the maintenance and operation and any additional information which may be given to you by your dealer.

Training	-	Whether you are a qualified pilot or a novice, complete know- ledge of the aircraft, its controls and operation is mandatory before venturing solo. Flying any type of aircraft involves a cer- tain amount of risk. Be informed and prepared for any situation or hazard associated with flying. A recognized training program and continued education for pi- loting an aircraft is absolutely necessary for all aircraft pilots.
		Make sure you also obtain as much information as possible about your aircraft, its maintenance and operation from your dealer.
	-	Engine-specific training courses are authorized by the distrib- utors according to manufacturer specifications (iRMT).
Regulation	-	Respect all government or local rules pertaining to flight ope- ration in your flying area. Fly only when and where conditions, topography, and airspeeds are safest.
	-	Consult your aircraft dealer or manufacturer and obtain the ne- cessary information, especially before flying in new areas.
Instrumentation	-	Select and use proper aircraft instrumentation. This instru- mentation is not included with the ROTAX engine package. Only approved instrumentation may be installed.
Engine log book	-	Keep an engine log book and respect engine and aircraft maintenance schedules. Keep the engine in top operating condition at all times. Do not operate any aircraft which is not properly maintained or has engine operating irregularities which have not been corrected.
Maintenance (iRMT)	-	Before flight, ensure that all engine controls are operative. Make sure all controls can be easily reached in case of an emergency.
	-	Since special tools and equipment may be required, engine servicing should only be performed by an authorized ROTAX engine dealer. BRP-Powertrain requires that any service be carried out and verified by a technician that has a current iRMT rating.

	-	When in storage protect the engine and fuel system from con- tamination and exposure.
Engine run	-	Never operate the engine without sufficient quantities of oper- ating fluids (oil, coolant, fuel).
	-	Never exceed the maximum permitted operational limits.
	-	In the interest of safety, the aircraft must not be left unattended while the engine is running.
	-	To eliminate possible injury or damage, ensure any loose equipment or tools are properly secured before starting the engine.
	-	Allow the engine to cool at idle for several minutes before turn- ing off the engine.
Vacuum pump	-	This engine may be equipped with a vacuum pump. The safety warning accompanying the vacuum pump must be given to the owner/operator of the aircraft into which the vacuum pump is installed.
Governor	-	This engine may be equipped with a governor. The safety warning accompanying the governor must be given to the owner/operator of the aircraft into which the governor is installed.

1.5) Technical documentation

General note	These documents form the instructions ensuring continued air- worthiness of ROTAX aircraft engines. The information contained is based on data and experience that are considered applicable for skilled mechanics under normal conditions. Due to the fast technical progress and fulfilment of particular spec- ifications of the customers it may occur that existing laws, safety prescriptions, constructional and operational regulations cannot be transferred completely to the object bought, in particular for special constructions, or may not be sufficient.		
Documentation	 Installation Manual Operators Manual Maintenance Manual (Line and Heavy Maintenance) Overhaul Manual Illustrated Parts Catalog Alert Service Bulletins Service Bulletins Service Instructions Service Letters 		
Status	The status of Manuals can be determined with the aid of the table of amendments. The first column indicates the revision state. This figure should be compared with the revision provided on ROTAX-Aircraft Engines Website: <u>www.FLYROTAX.com</u> . Amendments and current versions can be downloaded free of change.		
Replacement pag- es	Furthermore the Manual is constructed in such a way that single pages can be replaced instead of the complete document. The list of effective pages is given in the chapter LEP. The particular edi- tion and revision number is given on the footer of each page.		
Reference	Any reference to a document refers to the latest edition issued by BRP-Powertrain if not stated otherwise.		

Illustrationen The illustrations in this Manual are mere sketches and show a typical arrangement. They may not represent the actual part in all its details but depict parts of the same or similar function. Therefore deduction of dimensions or other details from illustrations is not permitted.

NOTE: The Illustrations in this Manual are stored in a graphic data base system and are provided with a consecutive irrelevant number.

This number (e.g. 00277) is of no significance for the content.

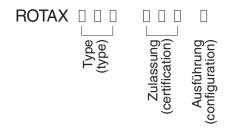
1.6) Standard version

Serial production	-	4-stroke, 4 cylinder horizontally opposed, spark ignition en- gine, single central camshaft push rods - OHV
	-	Liquid cooled cylinder heads
	-	Ram air cooled cylinders
	-	Dry sump forced lubrication
	-	Fully redundant electronic engine management (EMS) in- cludes fuel injection, characteristic ignition, etc.
	-	Propeller drive via integrated gearbox with mechanical shock absorber and overload clutch
	-	Oiltank
	-	Electric starter (12 V 0.8 kW)
I	-	Fuel pump assy.
Optional	-	Electric starter (12 V 0.9 kW)
	-	Preparation for hydraulic governor for constant speed propel- ler: (configuration 3 only)
	-	Exhaust system
	-	Cooling air baffle
	-	Engine suspension frame

1.7) Type description

e.g. 912 iSc 3

The type description is made up the following.

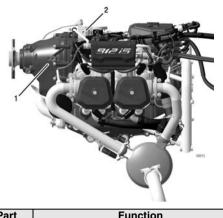


Designation

Designation		Description
Туре	912	4-cyl. horizontally opposed, nor- mal aspirated engine
Certification	iSc	Certified to EASA CS-E (TC No. EASA.E.121)
	iS	Non-certified aircraft engines
Configuration	2	Prop shaft with flange for fixed prop.
	3	Prop shaft with flange for constant speed propeller and drive for hy- draulic governor for constant speed propeller.

d05432.fm

1.8) Engine components, engine views, cylinder designation Side view

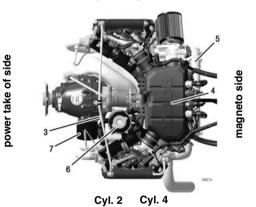


	Part	Function
ſ	1	Propeller gear box
		Vacuum pump or hydraulic governor for con- stant speed propeller



Top view





Part	Function
3	Engine serial number
4	Airbox
5	Electric starter
6	Expansion tank with excess pressure valve
7	Oil filter

Fig. 3

d05432.fm

1.9) Technical data

See table

Description	912 iSc/iS
Bore	84 mm (3.31 in)
Stroke	61 mm (2.40 in)
Displacement	1352 cm ³ (82.5 in ³)
Compression ratio.	10.8:1

1.10) Fuel consumption

See table

Fuel consumption in l/h (US gal/h)	912 iSc/iS
At take-off performance (5800 rpm)	26.1 l/h (6.9 gal/h)
At max. continuous performance (5500 rpm)	23.6 l/h (6.2 gal/h)
At 75 % continuous performance	16.5 l/h (4.3 gal/h)
Specific consumption at 75 % contin- uous performance	250 g/kWh (0.41 lb/hph)

1.11) Direction of rotation

Direction of rotation on propeller shaft Direction of rotation on propeller shaft: counter clockwise, looking at p.t.o side of engine.

normal direction of propeller rotation (engine)

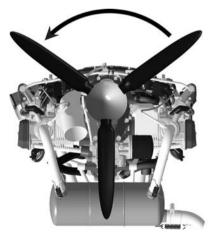


Fig. 4

d05432.fm

08775

2) Operating instructions

Introduction The data of the certified engines are based on type certificate of type 912 iSc.

Table of contentsThis chapter of the Operators Manual contains the operating limits
that must be observed to ensure the ROTAX aircraft engine and
standard systems operate safely.

Subject	Page
Operating limits	Page 2-2
Performance	Page 2-2
Speed	Page 2-2
Acceleration	Page 2-2
Oil pressure	Page 2-2
Oil temperature	Page 2-2
Coolant temperature	Page 2-2
Ambient temperature	Page 2-3
Fuel pressure	Page 2-3
Propeller governor	Page 2-3
External alternator	Page 2-3
Bank angle	Page 2-3
Operating media-Coolant	Page 2-4
Conventional coolant	Page 2-4
Application	Page 2-4
Mixture	Page 2-4
Operating media-Fuel	Page 2-5
Antiknock properties	Page 2-5
MOGAS	Page 2-5
AVGAS	Page 2-5
Operating media-Lubricants	Page 2-6
Oil type	Page 2-6
Oil consumption	Page 2-6
Oil specification	Page 2-6
Oil viscosity	Page 2-7
Table of lubricants	Page 2-7

d05433.fm

2.1) Operating limits

Performance

NOTICE

Only to be ensured if with consideration of the following assumption:

- Standard engine (incl. input rating for governor).
- Without auxiliary equipment (e.g. external alternator).
- Installation in accordance to installation guidelines (e.g. intake and exhaust system). See latest Installation Manual.
- ISA Condition (International Standard Atmosphere).

Take-off performance	73.5 kW (100 HP) at 5800 rpm
Max. continuous performance	69 kW (93 HP) at 5500 rpm

Speed

Take-off speed	5800 rpm (max. 5 min)
Max. continuous speed	5500 rpm
Idle speed	min. 1400 rpm

Acceleration

Limit of engine operation at zero gravity and in **negative** "g" condition.

Max. 5 seconds at max0.5 g

Oil pressure

Max.	7 bar (102 psi)	
NOTICE	For a short period admissible at cold start.	
Min.	0.8 bar (12 psi) (below 3500 rpm)	
Normal	2.0 to 5.0 bar (29-73 psi) (above 3500 rpm)	

Oil temperature

See also Chapter 2.4).

Max.	130 °C (266 °F)
Min.	50 °C (120 °F)
Normal operating temperature	approx. 90 to 110 °C (190 - 230 °F)

Coolant temperature

 Coolant temperature

 Max.
 120 °C (248 °F)

```
105433.fm
```

Ambient tempera-

ture

	Max. in flight	60 °C (140 °F) (manifold temperature)	
	Max. at start	50 °C (120 °F) (ambient temperature)	
I	Min. at start	-20 °C (-13 °F) (oil temperature)	
Fuel pressure	Max.	3.2 bar (45 psi)	
	Min.	2.8 bar (42 psi)	
Propeller gover-			
nor	Power consumption of the hydraulic propeller governor		
	Max.	600 W	
External alternator	Power consumption of the external alternator		
	Max.	600 W	
Bank angle	Deviation from bank angle		
	Max.	40°	
	NOTE:	Up to this value the dry sump lubrication system warrants lubrication in every flight situation.	

2.2) Operating media-Coolant

General note	NOTICE Obey the latest edition of Service Instruction SI-912 i-001 for the selection of the correct coolant.		
Conventional coolant	Conventional coolant mixed with water has the advantage of a higher specific thermal capacity than water-less coolant.		
Application	When correctly applied, there is sufficient protection against vapor bubble formation, freezing or thickening of the coolant within the operating limits.		
	Use the coolant specified in the manufacturers documentation.		
Mixture	NOTICE Obey the coolant manufacturers instructions about the coolant mixture.		

	mixture	e ratio %
designation	concentrate	water
Conventional e.g. BASF Glysantine Pro- tect Plus G48 anticorrosion	50	50

2.3) Operating media-Fuel

General note			
	NOTICE	Obey the latest edition of Servic SI-912 i-001 for the selection of	
		fuel.	
	NOTICE	Use only fuel suitable for the reamatic zone.	spective cli-
		Risk of vapour formation if using v summer operation.	winter fuel for
Antiknock proper-	Fuels with followir	ng specification can be used:	
ties	F	uel specification	

Fuel specification	
	Usage/Description
Anti knock properties	912 iSc/iS
	Min. RON 95
	(Min. AKI* 91)

*Anti Knock Index (RON+MON)/2

MOGAS

	Usage/Description
MOGAS	912 iSc/iS
European standard	EN 228 Super
	EN 228 Super plus

AVGAS AVGAS 100LL places greater stress on the valve seats due to its high lead content and forms increased deposits in the combustion chamber and lead sediments in the oil system. Thus it should only be used in case of problems with vapor lock or when other types of gasoline are unavailable.

	Usage/Description
AVGAS	912 iSc/iS
Aviation Standard	AVGAS 100 LL (ASTM D910)

d05433.fm

2.4) Operating media-Lubricants

General note	NOTICE Obey the manufacturers instructions about the lubricants. If the engine is mainly run on AVGAS more frequent oil changes will be required. See Service Information SI-912 i-001, latest edition.	
Oil type	Motorcycle oil of a registered brand with gear additives.	
	NOTICE At the selection of suitable lubricants refer to the additional information in the Service Information SI-912 i-001, latest edition.	
Oil consumption	Max. 0.06 l/h (0.13 liq pt/h).	
Oil specification	- Use only oil with API classification "SG" or higher!	
	- Due to the high stresses in the reduction gears, oils with gear additives such as high performance motor cycle oils are required.	
	- Because of the incorporated overload clutch, oils with friction modifier additives are unsuitable as this could result in clutch slippage during normal operation.	
	 Heavy duty 4-stroke motor cycle oils meet all the require- ments. These oils are normally not mineral oils but semi- or full synthetic oils. 	
	 Conventional aircraft oils (a.d.= ashless dispersant) are not suitable. Oils with ashless dispersant do not have suitable cleaning agents for modern designs such as the ROTAX 912 i Series. 	
	 Oils primarity for Diesel engines have insufficient high tem- perature properties and additives which favour clutch slipping, and are generally unsuitable. 	

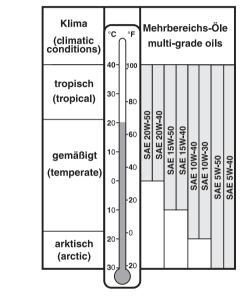
Oil viscosity	Use of multi-grade oils is recommended.	
	NOTE:	Multi-viscosity grade oils are less sensitive to temperature variations than single grade oils.
		They are suitable for use throughout the sea- sons, ensure rapid lubrication of all engine com- ponents at cold start and get less fluid at higher temperatures.

Table of lubricants

See Fig. 1

Fig. 1

Since the temperature range of neighboring SAE grades overlap, there is no need for change of oil viscosity at short duration of ambient temperature fluctuations.



d05433.fm

06317

NOTES

3) Standard operation

Introduction To warrant reliability and efficiency of the engine, meet and carefully observe all the operating and maintenance instructions.

 Table of content
 This chapter of the Operators Manual contains expanded operating and maintenance instructions.

Subject	Page
Daily checks	Page 3-2
Coolant level	Page 3-3
Mech./electronic components	Page 3-5
Throttle valve	Page 3-5
Exhaust system	Page 3-5
Sensors/wiring harness	Page 3-5
Before engine start	Page 3-6
Pre-flight checks	Page 3-6
Operating media	Page 3-6
Oil level	Page 3-6
Oil level (oil dipstick)	Page 3-7
Engine start	Page 3-8
Engine start	Page 3-8
Prior to take-off	Page 3-10
Warming up period	Page 3-10
Ground test	Page 3-10
Ignition check	Page 3-10
Check the power output	Page 3-11
Propeller governor	Page 3-11
Take-off	Page 3-12
Climb	Page 3-12
Cruising	Page 3-12
Performance	Page 3-12
Oil temperature	Page 3-12
Engine shut-off	Page 3-13
Cold weather operation	Page 3-14
Coolant	Page 3-14
Lubricant	Page 3-14
Cold start	Page 3-14
Icing due to water in fuel	Page 3-14

d05275.fm

3.1) Daily checks

General note

To warrant reliability and efficiency of the engine, meet and carefully observe all the operating and maintenance instructions.

	Risk of burnings and scalds! Hot engine parts! Conduct checks on the cold engine only!
	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! Ignition "OFF" Before moving the propeller switch off the ECU and secure the aircraft. The main switch (EMS-switch) has to be deactivated. If a key switch is used, then pull out the key.
NOTICE	If established abnormalities (e.g. excessive resistance of the engine, noises etc.) inspec- tion in accordance with the relevant Mainte- nance Manual is necessary. Do not release the engine into service before rectification.

d05275.fm

Coolant level

NOTICE

The coolant specifications of the section Chapter 2.2) Operating media are to be observed!

Step	Procedure
1	Verify coolant level in the expansion tank , replenish as re- quired up to top. The max. coolant level must be flush with the bottom of the filter neck. See Fig. 1.
2	Verify coolant level in the overflow bottle , replenish as re- quired. The coolant level must be between max. and min. mark. See Fig. 2.

ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Protect the environment and never spill any coolant.

Expansion tank

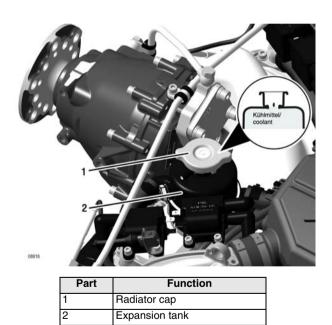


Fig. 1

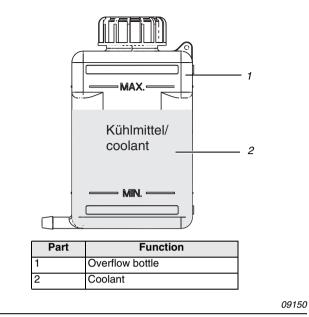


Fig. 2

d05275.fm

Mech./electronic components

Check of mechanical/electronic components

 Step
 Procedure

 1
 Turn propeller slowly by hand in direction of engine rotation several times and observe engine for odd noises or excessive resistance and normal compression.

Throttle valve	Step	Procedure
	1	Verify free movement of throttle valve and the complete
		range.

Exhaust system

Step	Procedure
1	Inspect for damages, leakage and general condition.

Sensors/wiring harness

Step	Procedure	
1	Visual inspection for mechanical and thermal damages.	

3.2) Before engine start

Carry out pre-flight checks.

3.3) Pre-flight checks

Safety	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! MASTER SWITCH, LANE A and LANE B switch "OFF". Before moving the propeller anchor the aircraft.
	Risk of burnings and scalds! Hot engine parts! Carry out pre-flight checks on the cold or luke

warm engine only!

Operating media

dia	Step	Procedure
	1	Check for any oil-, coolant- and fuel leaks. If leaks are evident, rectify and repair them before next flight.

Oil level

NOTICE

The oil specifications of the section Chapter 2.4) Operating media are to be observed!

Step	Procedure	
1	Check oil level and add oil if necessary.	
2	NOTE: Propeller shouldn't be turned reverse the normal direction of engine rotation.	
	Remove oil tank cover, turn the propeller slowly by hand in direction of engine rotation several times to pump oil from the engine into the oil tank.	
3	It is essential to build up compression in the combustion chamber. Maintain the pressure for a few seconds to let the gas flow via the piston rings into the crankcase. The speed of rotation is not important as the pressure and the amount of gas which is transfered into the crankcase.	
4	This process is finished when air is returning back to the oil tank and can be noticed by a gurgle from the open oil tank.	

d05275.fm

Oil	level	(oil	dip-
stic	ck)		

NOTE:

The oil level should be in the upper half (between the "50%" and the "max" mark) and should never falls below the "min" mark. Prior to long flights oil should be added so that the oil level reaches the "max" mark.

Avoid oil levels exceeding the "max" mark, since excess oil could be forced out through the venting system.

Difference between max.- and min.- mark = 0.45 litre (0.95 liq pt).

ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Protect the environment and never spill any oil.

3.4) Engine start

Safety

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Do not start the engine if any person is near the aircraft.

Engine start

Step	Designatio	on	Procedure
1	Fuel valve		ON
2	Electric fuel pumps		ON
3	Throttle lever (powe lever of the aircraft)		To idling position.
4	EMS main switch		AUTO
5	LANE select switc	h A	ON
6	LANE select switc	h B	ON
7	NOTICE fails to illu		When the voltage supply is switched on both lamps are automatically subject to a function test. Both lamps illu- minate for around 1 second and then extinguish.
			he two EMS lamps flashes or minate then this indicates an . See also Chapter 4).
8	Start power switch	ı	Press and hold.
9	Starter button		Press until the engine starts to run.
	NOTICE seconds		tarter for a maximum of 10 only (without interruption), fol- a cooling period of 2 minutes.
10	Start power switch	1	Release
11	Once the engine starts up		Increase the engine speed until the engine runs smooth- ly. Then continue to warm up the engine at approx. 2000 rpm. See also Chapter 3.5).
12	Oil pressure		Check if oil pressure has ris- en within 10 seconds and monitor oil pressure. In- crease of engine speed is only permitted at steady oil pressure readings above 3 bar (44 psi).

d05275.fm

Step	Designation		Procedure
13	NOTICE	ture, conti	ine start with low oil tempera- inue to observe the oil pres-
		sure as it could drop again due to the increased flow resistance in the suction line. The rpm/engine speed maybe in- creased only if the oil pressure remains steady.	
14	Engine instruments		Check.
15	EMS-display		Check for any error messages.

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Monitor oil temperature, cylinder head temperature and oil pressure. Limits must not be exceeded. See also Chapter 2.1).

3.5) Prior to take-off

Safety

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Do not take the engine into operation if any person is near the aircraft.

Warming up period

Step	Procedure
1	Start warming up period at approx. 2000 rpm for approx. 2 minutes.
2	Continue at 2500 rpm, duration depending on ambient temperature, until oil temperature reaches 50 °C (120 °F).
3	Check temperatures and pressures.

Ground test

NOTICE

After a full-load ground test allow a short cooling run at idle speed to prevent vapour formation in the cylinder head.

Step	Step Procedure	
1	Short full throttle ground test (consult Aircraft Operators Manual since engine speed depends on the propeller used).	

Ignition check

Check the double ignition

Check the two ignition circuits at **4000 rpm** (approx. 1700 rpm propeller).

LANE and Ignition Check:



If the engine speed drops or any error messages are present from the EMS then find out what the cause is and take corresponding action to rectify the problem.

	Step	Procedure		
1		Reduc	e the engine speed to 4000 rpm .	
2			Turn " OFF " LANE selector switch A. Observe the rev counter.	
	ΝΟΤΙΟ	E	The speed drop may not exceed 180 rpm engine speed , which corresponds 75 rpm propeller speed.	
3		Turn "ON" LANE selector switch A.		
4		Turn " OFF " LANE selector switch B. Perform checks in same way as LANE A.		

105275.fm

	Step	Procedure	
	5	Turn "ON" LANE selector switch B.	
	6	Reduce to idle speed.	
	7	Check EMS-power supply and minimum voltage of 12 V at each LANE.	
	8	Select EMS main switch LANE A and monitor the instruments and EMS display. As a general rule there should be no changes.	
	9 Select EMS main switch LANE B. Perform ch same way as LANE A.		
	10	Set the EMS main switch back to "AUTO" (LANE A and LANE B "ON").	
Check the power output	To check the acceleration and available power, run the engine at full load with the aircraft stationary for a maximum of 10 seconds (take the idle speed from the Operators Manual of the aircraft, as it depends on the type of propeller being used).		
Propeller gover- Check of hydr		ydraulic propeller governor:	
nor	Check control of the hydraulic propeller governor to specifications of the manufacturer.		
	NOTE:	Cycling the propeller governor puts a relatively high load on the engine. Unnecessary cycling should be avoided.	

3.6) Take-off

Safety

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

- Observe the monitor oil temperature, oil pressure (LANE select switch B has to turned "ON") and coolant temperature (LANE select switch A has to turned "ON"). Limits must not be exceeded! See Chapter 2.1) Operating limits.
- Respect "cold weather operation" recommendations, see Chapter 3.9).

Climbing with engine running at take-off performance is permissible (max. 5 minutes) (see Chapter 2.1).

3.7) Cruising

1

Performance

Climb

Step	Procedure
	Set performance as per performance specifications Chapter 5) and respect operating limits as per Chap- ter 2.1).

Oil temperature

Step	Procedure
1	Avoid operation below normal operation oil temperature (90 to 110 $^{\circ}$ C/194 to 230 $^{\circ}$ F), as possible formation of condensation water in the lubrication system badly influences the oil quality. To evaporate possibly accumulated condensation water, at least once a day 100 $^{\circ}$ C (212 $^{\circ}$ F) oil temperature must be reached.

105275.fm

3.8) Engine shut-off

General note Normally the cooling down of the engine during descending and taxiing will be sufficient to allow the ECU to be shut off as soon as the aircraft is stopped.

At increased operating temperatures make an engine cooling run of at least minimum 2 minutes.

Step	Procedure
1	Check the engine instruments.
2	Reduce engine speed down to idling.
3	At least 5 minutes must elapse between landing and switching off the engine.
4	Switch the fuel pumps "OFF".
5	Set the LANE select switch B to "OFF".
6	Set the LANE select switch A to "OFF".
7	Set the EMS main switch to "OFF". Wait for engine stop.

3.9) Cold weather operation

	operation			
General note	Generally, an engine service should be carried out before the start of the cold season.			
Coolant	For selection of coolant and mixing ratio, see "Coolant", Chapter 2.2).			
Lubricant	For selection of oil, see table of Lubricants Chapter 2.4).			
Cold start	 As performance of electric starter is greatly reduced when hot, limit starting to periods not much longer than 10 sec. 			
	Remedy - C	cold start		
	Step	Procedure		
	1	Use of multigrade oil with the low end viscosity code of 5 or 10.		
	2	Check the Gap electrode on spark plug or fit new spark plugs according to Maintenance Manual Line.		
	3	Preheat engine.		
lcing due to water in fuel	Icing due to water in fuel NOTICE Fuels containing alcohol always carry a sma amount of water in solution. In case of tem- perature changes or increase of alcohol con tent, water or a mixture of alcohol and water may settle and could cause troubles.			
		el will accumulate at the lower parts of the fuel system of freezing of fuel lines, filters or jets.		
Remedy	- Use nor	-contaminated fuel		
	- Generously sized water separators			
	- Fuel line	es routing inclined		
	- Prevent condensation of humidity, i. e avoid temperature dif- ferences between aircraft and fuel.			

4) Abnormal operation

	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!
	At unusual engine behaviour conduct checks as per Maintenance Manual Line Chapter 05-50-00 before the next flight.
NOTE:	Further checks - see Maintenance Manual.

Table of contentsThis chapter of the Operators Manual contains expanded operat-
ing and maintenance instruction at abnormal operation.

Subject	Page
Fault indicated by the EMS lamps	Page 4-2
EMS lamps	Page 4-2
EMS lamps operating states	Page 4-2
Engine not responding to power inputs	Page 4-3
Occurence of uncharacteristic and server engine vibra- tions	Page 4-3
Re-Start during flight	Page 4-3
Failure of the EMS power supply	Page 4-3
Exceeding max. admissible engine speed	Page 4-3
Exceeding of max. coolant temperature	Page 4-4
Exceeding of max. admissible oil temperature	Page 4-4
Oil pressure below minimum - during flight	Page 4-4
Oil pressure below minimum - on ground	Page 4-4
Oil pressure above permitted range at low ambient tem- peratures	Page 4-5
Engine on fire or fire in the engine compartment	Page 4-5
Fuel pressure outside range	Page 4-5
Maximum permissible exhaust temperature exceeded	Page 4-6
EMS voltage supply below the minimum required level	Page 4-6
The sprag clutch decouples not from the starter	Page 4-6
Trouble shooting	Page 4-7
Table of content	Page 4-7

d05276.fm

Introduction

4.1) Fault indicated by the EMS lamps

EMS lamps



Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and curry out precautionary landing.

The aircraft should be flown to the nearest available landing site (Airfield, Airstrip, Airport) if any of the following combinations of the EMS lamps arise:

- One lamp permanently on, one off.
- One lamp permanently on, one flashing.
- Both lamps permanently on.
- Both lamps flashing.

EMS lamps operating states If one of the lamps is flashing while the other is off then limited flight operation are permitted up to a maximum of 10 hours.

LANE A	LANE B	Action
OFF	Flashing	Limited flight operation
Flashing	OFF	Limited flight operation
OFF	ON	Land the aircraft
Flashing	Flashing	Land the aircraft
Flashing	ON	Land the aircraft
ON	OFF	Land the aircraft
ON	Flashing	Land the aircraft
ON	ON	Land the aircraft

ON = permanently on

105276.fm

4.2) Engine not r	responding to power inputs		
Engine not re- sponding	 Possible breakage of throttle valve actuation/linkage. Limited flight operation with available power possible. A maintenance inspection should be carried out. 		
4.3) Occurence of	of uncharacteristic and severe engine vibrations		
Engine vibrations	 If the vibrations occur in conjunction with a loss of power then the engine may only be firing on 3 cylinders. Limited flight operation. 		
	- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.		
4.4) Re-Start dur	ing flight		
Engine stop	- Starting procedure same as on ground, however, on a warm engine.		
4.5) Failure of the EMS power supply			

Failure of the EMS - If the EMS power supplies (alternator A) fails then the ECU automatically switches one-time over to the second EMS power supply (alternator B).

NOTICE

No charging of battery!

- While alternator B runs, no power drop is recognizable.
- Failure of both EMS power supplies (alternator A/B) result in engine stoppage.
 Remedy: Switch "ON" the **backup battery switch**. In this case the power supply is provided by the aircraft battery.
- Land the aircraft at the next available opportunity.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

4.6) Exceeding max. admissible engine speed

Exceeding engine - Reduce the engine speed. Any exceeding of the max. admisspeed sible engine speed has to be entered by the pilot into logbook, stating duration and extent of over engine speed.

4.7) Exceeding of max. coolant temperature

NOTICE

Exceeding coolant temperature

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

- Any exceeding of the max. admissible coolant temperature has to be entered by the pilot into logbook, stating duration and extent of over-temperature condition.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.
- Check the ECU error log file.

4.8) Exceeding of max. admissible oil temperature

Exceeding oil temperature

NOTICE

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

- Any exceeding of the max. admissible cylinder head temperature has to be entered by the pilot into logbook, stating duration and extent of over-temperature condition.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.
- Check the ECU error log file.

4.9) Oil pressure below minimum - during flight

Oil pressure too low

NOTICE

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

- Check oil system.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.
- Check the ECU error log file.

4.10) Oil pressure below minimum - on ground

Oil pressure tooImmediately stop the engine and check for reason. Check oil system.lowtem.

- Check oil quantity in oil tank.
- Check oil quality. See also Chapter 2.4).
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

d05276.fm

4.11) Oil pressure above permitted range at low ambient temperatures

-	Reduce engine speed and check the oil pressure again once it has reached a higher oil temperature.
-	If the oil pressure display remains unchanged when the engine speed is reduced then a fault in the oil pressure display is likely.
-	A maintenance inspection should be carried out. Check the ECU error log file.
	- - -

4.12) Engine on fire or fire in the engine compartment

Engine on fire

NOTICE

Carry out emergency procedures as prescribed in the flight manual of the engine manufacturer.

- After landing locate the cause of fire and resolve the error before next flight by qualified staff (authorized by the Aviation Authorities).
- An entry in the logbook must be made.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

4.13) Fuel pressure outside range

Exceeding fuel

pressure

NOTICE

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

- If the pressure is too high, switch the auxiliary pump OFF. If this has no effect then limited flight operation with reduced power is possible.
- If the pressure is too low, switch the auxiliary pump ON and the main pump OFF. If this has no effect then limited flight operation with reduced power is possible.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

d05276.fm

4.14) Maximum permissible exhaust temperature exceeded

Exceeded exhaust temperature

NOTICE

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

- Check the exhaust temperature.
- Oil and coolant limits must not be exceeded.
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

4.15) EMS voltage supply below the minimum required level

Voltage supply be-

low level

- Limited flight operation is possible if the voltage (alternator A or B) is OK here.
- Proceed according to section: "Failure of the EMS power supply" if this shows no effect.

NOTICE

Reduce engine power setting to the minimum necessary and carry out precautionary landing.

A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

4.16) The sprag clutch decouples not from the starter

Spag clutch is permanently in engagement position

NOTICE

Switch the engine "**OFF**". Risk of fire and danger of the electric starter overheating.

- Move the throttle lever to the idle position.
- Set the EMS main switches to "OFF".
- Switch both LANE select switches to "OFF".
- A maintenance inspection should be carried out.

4.17) Trouble shooting

Introduction

All checks in accordance with the Maintenance Manual (current issue/revision).

	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!
	Only qualified staff (authorized by the Avia- tion Authorities) trained on this particular en- gine, is allowed to carry out maintenance and repair work.
NOTICE	If the following hints regarding remedy do not solve the problem, contact an authorized
	workshop. The engine must not be operated until the problem is rectified.

Table of content

This chapter of the Operators Manual contains possible cause and remedy in case of trouble shooting.

Subject	Page
Starting problems	Page 4-8
Engine run	Page 4-8
Oil pressure	Page 4-8
Oil level	Page 4-9
Cold engine start	Page 4-9

Starting problems

Engine does not start

Possible cause	Remedy
Switch the LANE select switch A/B to "OFF".	Switch the EMS main switch LANE select switch A/B to " ON ".
Set the EMS main switch to "OFF".	Set the EMS main switch to "AUTO".
Closed fuel selector/valve.	Open valve or clean filter, alternatively renew filter. Check fuel system for leak- age.
No fuel in tank.	Refuel.
Fuel pumps	Set both to "ON".
Starting speed too low, faulty or discharged battery.	Fit fully charged battery.
Starting speed too low, starting problems on cold engine.	Use top quality, low friction oil; allow for sufficient cooling period to counter for performance drop on hot starter; pre- heat engine.
Wrong fuel (Jetfuel or Diesel).	Check fuel.

Engine run

Engine keeps running with ignition off

Possible cause	Remedy
Overheating of engine.	Let engine cool down at idling at approx. 2000 rpm.

Knocking under load

Possible cause	Remedy
Octane rating of fuel too low.	Use fuel with higher octane rating.
Intake air temperature to high.	Reduce the power. Check air filter according to Mainte- nance Manual Line Chapter 12-20-00.

Oil pressure

Low oil pressure

Possible cause	Remedy
Not enough oil in oil tank.	Refill oil.

d05276.fm

Oil level

Oil level is increasing

Possible cause	Remedy
Oil too cold during engine op- eration.	Cover oil cooler surface, maintain the oil temperature prescribed.
Contamination with diesel fuel.	Check fuel.

Cold engine start

Engine hard to start at low temperature

Possible cause	Remedy	
Starting speed too low.	Preheat engine.	
Low charge battery.	Fit fully charged battery.	
High oil pressure.	At cold start a pressure reading of up to around 7 bar (102 psi) does not indi- cate a malfunction.	
Oil pressure too low after cold start.	Too much resistance in the oil suction system at low temperatures due to cold oil. Stop engine and preheat oil. After a cold start the oil tank must be observed and the pressure should be above 1.5 bar (22 psi). Otherwise, the speed must be lowered again, because not enough cold oil can be sucked. If oil pressure is reading lower than 1 bar (15 psi) oils with lower viscosity are to be used. See SI-912 i-001, current issue.	
•	Oil pressure must be measured at idle at an oil tem- perature of minimum 50 °C (120 °F).	
Be sure the mum at idle	oil pressure does not go below mini- e.	

d05276.fm

NOTES

5) Performance data

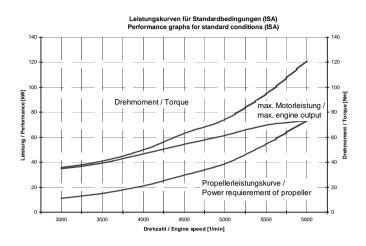
Introduction	The performance tables and performance graphs on the next few pages are intended to show you what kind of performance to ex- pect from your engine in terms of power output. The indicated power can be achieved by following the procedures laid out in the Operators Manual and ensuring that the engine is well-main- tained.

Table of contentThis chapter of the Operators Manual contains performance table
and performance graphs.

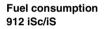
Subject	Page
Performance data for standard conditions (ISA)	Page 5-2
Fuel consumption 912 iSc/iS	Page 5-2
Performance data for variable pitch propeller	Page 5-3
Performance graph for non-standard conditions	Page 5-4

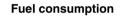
Performance data Engine 912 iSc/iS

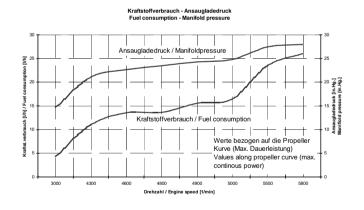
Providing engine speed over 5500 rpm is restricted to 5 minutes.

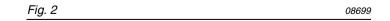












Performance data for variable pitch propeller

Engine speed over 5500 rpm is restricted to 5 minutes.

Run the engine in accordance with the following table.

Power set- ting	Engine speed (rpm)	Perfor- mance (kW)/(HP)		e (Nm) .lb)	Manifold pressure (in.HG)
Take-off power	5800	73.5/100	121.0	89.24 ft.lb	26.1
max. contin- uous power	5500	69.0/92	119.8	88.36 ft.lb	23.6
75 %	5000	51.8/69	98.7	72.79 ft.lb	16.5
65 %	4800	44.9/60	89.5	66.01 ft.lb	13.7
50 %	4300	34.5/46	75.3	55.53 ft.lb	11.1

NOTE:

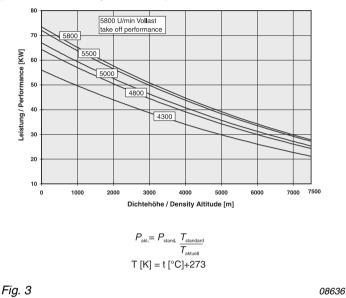
Further essential information regarding engine behavior see Service Letter SL-912 i-003, latest edition.

Performance graph Engine 912 iSc/iS

Performance graph for non-standard conditions

The following graph shows the performance drop with increasing flight altitude. The curves show the performance at 5800, 5500, 5000, 4800 and 4300 rpm, at full throttle.

At deviation of temperature conditions from standard atmosphere conditions the engine performance to be expected can be calculated from the performance indicated, multiplied by standard temperature, divided by actual temperature in °K.

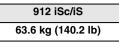


6) Weights

The stated weights are dry weights (without operating fluids) and are guide values only. Further weight information relating to the equipment can be found in the current Installation Manual.	
This chapter of the Operators Manual contains approved equipment for this engine.	an extensive list of
Subject	Page
Weights - Engine	Page 6-2

6.1) Weights - Engine

- inclusive oil tank
- inclusive electric system: wiring harness, ECU, FUSE BOX and start relay



- exclusive of: engine suspension frame, exhaust system, fuel pumps assy., cooling baffle, radiator, oil cooler

7) Description of systems

Introduction This chapter of the Operator Manual contains the description of cooling system, fuel system, lubrication system, electric system and the propeller gearbox.

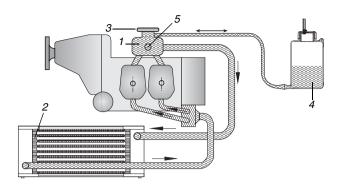
Table of contentAs already mentioned in the preface, the system descriptions only
apply to the engine, not to a specific application in a particular air-
craft. The aircraft manufacturers Operators Manual is therefore
definitive in terms of the operation of the engine, as it contains all
the aircraft specific instructions.

Subject	Page
Cooling system of engine	Page 7-2
Cooling	Page 7-2
Coolant	Page 7-2
Expansions tank	Page 7-2
Coolant temperature measuring	Page 7-2
Fuel system	Page 7-4
Fuel	Page 7-4
Fuel pump switches	Page 7-4
Fuel pressure regulator	Page 7-4
Return line	Page 7-4
Lubrication system	Page 7-6
Lubrication	Page 7-6
Crankcase	Page 7-6
Oil pump	Page 7-6
Oil venting system	Page 7-6
Oil temperature sensor	Page 7-6
Oil pressure sensor	Page 7-6
Electric system	Page 7-8
EMS overview	Page 7-8
EMS power supply	Page 7-8
LANE select switch A/B	Page 7-9
EMS main switch	Page 7-9
Ignition system	Page 7-10
Fuel injection	Page 7-10
ECU	Page 7-11
Main functions of the ECU	Page 7-11
Propeller gearbox	Page 7-12
Reduction ratio	Page 7-12
Torsional shock absorber	Page 7-12
Governor	Page 7-12

d05279.fm

7.1) Cooling system of the engine

General note	See Fig. 1.		
Cooling	The cooling system of the engine is designed for liquid cooling of the cylinder heads and ram-air cooling of the cylinders. The coo- ling system of the cylinder heads is a closed circuit with an expan- sion tank.		
Coolant	The coolant flow is forced by a water pump, driven from the cams- haft, from the radiator to the cylinder heads. From the top of the cylinder heads the coolant passes on to the expansion tank (1). Since the standard location of the radiator (2) is below engine le- vel, the expansion tank located on top of the engine allows for coolant expansion.		
Expansion tank	The expansion tank is closed by a pressure cap (3) (with excess pressure valve and return valve). At temperature rise of the coolant the excess pressure valve opens and the coolant will flow via a hose at atmospheric pressure to the transparent overflow bottle (4). When cooling down, the coolant will be sucked back into the cooling circuit.		
Coolant tempera- ture measuring	NOTE:	The temperatur sensor at delivery is located in cylinder head 4.	

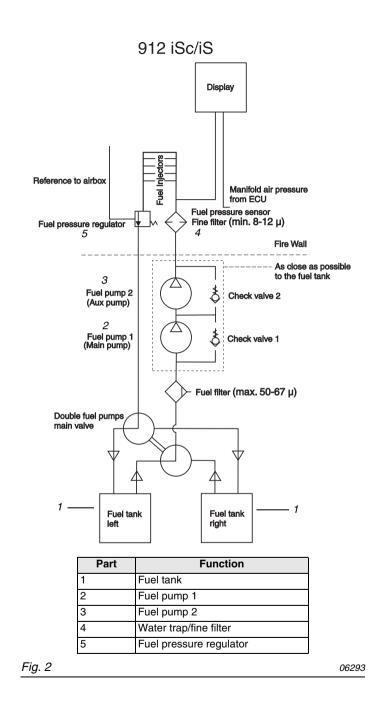


Part	Function	
1	Expansion tank	
2	Radiator	
3	Pressure cap	
4	Overflow bottle	
5	Level glass	
Fig. 1	06339	

d05279.fm

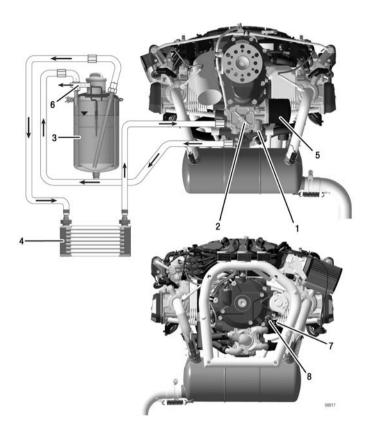
7.2) Fuel system

General note	See Fig. 2.		
Fuel	The fuel flows from the tank (1) via a fine filter (4) to the electric fuel pumps (2,3) from where it is then pumped to the fuel rail, the fuel injectors and to the fuel pressure regulator (5).		
Fuel pump switch- es	The fuel pumps are activated directly through the switch OFF/ON. During take off both switches (main and aux.) must be ON.		
Fuel pressure reg- ulator	A fuel pressure regulator ensures that the pressure differential be- tween the fuel injectors and the intake manifold remains constant. This enables the fuel injection system to inject the same quantity of fuel at any point given the same injection period.		
Return line	Through the return line surplus fuel flows back to the fuel tank and suction side of fuel system.		
	NOTE:	The return line must be always returned into the tank, from which fuel is sucked in to the oil pump.	



7.3) Lubrication system

General note	See Fig. 3.
Lubrication	The engines are provided with a dry sump forced lubrication sys- tem with a main oil pump with integrated pressure regulator (1). The oil pump (2) sucks the motor oil from the oil tank (3) via the oil cooler (4) and forces it through the oil filter (5) to the points of lu- brication in the engine.
Crankcase	The surplus oil emerging from the points of lubrication accumula- tes on the bottom of crankcase and is forced back to the oil tank by the piston blow-by gases.
Oil pump	The oil pump is driven by the camshaft.
Oil venting system	The oil circuit is vented via bore (6) on the oil tank.
Oil temperature sensor	The oil temperature sensor (7) for reading of the oil inlet tempera- ture is located on the crankcase.
Oil pressure sen- sor	The oil pressure sensor (8) for reading of the oil pressure is located on the ignition housing.



Function	
Pressure regulator	
Oil pump	
Oil tank	
Oil cooler	
Oil filter	
Venting tube	
Temperature sensor (oil)	
Pressure sensor (oil)	

Fig. 3

d05279.fm

7.4) Electric system

7.4) Electric sys	tem		
General note	The ROTAX 912 iSc/iS is equipped with an electronic guided dual ignition unit with integrated generator. The ignition unit is easy to maintain and needs (except for start the engine) no external power supply.		
EMS overview	The EMS primarily comprises:		
	 High-voltage ignition components (connectors, spark plugs, ignition cables, double ignition coils) 		
	- ECU		
	- ECU (actuators) - OUTPUT		
	- 4 doublesignition coils		
	- Lamps		
	- Fuel injection 2 per cylinder		
	- CAN data for an indicating instrument		
	- ECU (signals) - INPUT		
	- Sensors		
	- EMS power supply		
	- Regulator rectifier		
	- Generator		
	- FUSE BOX (all power supply components, including the fus- es, etc., can be found in the power supply unit)		
	- Switches		
	- Cables/wiring		
EMS power supply	The EMS power supply primarily comprises 2 alternators with per- manent magnets. It also comprises an external rectifier, voltage stabilizer and overvoltage protection, which are integrated in the FUSE BOX. The two 3-phase A/C current generators (alternators) are physically separated in the engine integrated power supply units. One is used for the ECU and the other one is available for the aircraft. They are driven by the crankshaft and require no ex- ternal supply once the engine has reached its idle speed. NOTE: Until the idle speed is reached, the EMS re- quires an external 12 V supply from the on- board system of the aircraft.		

The two independent LANE select switches A and B connect the ECU for the relevant LANE to the EMS power supply.

The start power switch makes a connection only during the startup procedure between the ECU, ignition system and the EMS lamps with the external onboard battery.

EMS main switch 5 switch settings:

LANE select

switches A/B

- EMS master switch, 2 fuel pumps, LANE select switch A, LANE select switch B.

Switch position	Action	Test
EMS main switch "ON"	Activates the EMS power supply	EMS power supply works
LANE select switch A "ON/OFF"	Activates the LANE A (LANE B is "OFF")	LANE A works
LANE select switch B "ON/OFF"	Activates the LANE B (LANE A is "OFF")	LANE B works
Fuel pump (main pump) "ON/OFF"	Activates the fuel pump 1	Fuel pump 1 works
Fuel aux pump "ON/OFF"	Activates the fuel pump 2	Fuel pump 2 works

NOTICE

When using a rotary switch (ignition switch with integrated LANE select options) it must have the following functions.

The EMS main switch has 4 switch positions:

- A "ON", B "ON", AUTO (A+B"ON") and "OFF"

It is used to conduct various tests (e.g. ignition tests).

Switch position	Action	Test
A ON	Activates the LANE A (LANE B is OFF)	LANE A works
B ON	Activates the LANE B (LANE A is OFF)	LANE B works
AUTO	Activates LANE A and LANE B	LANE A for engine run
OFF	Shut-down of the en- gine	Engine should shut-down

If only one LANE is turned "ON", the engine is powered by one ignition circuit, depending on which ignition circuit was choosen.

	 The start-up button activates the starter motor The switches for the two fuel pumps are used for activation of the two fuel pumps. 		
	NOTE:	Choose " AUTO " for in-flight position of the LANE selector switch.	
Ignition system	The 912 iSc/iS is equipped with 4 double ignition coils. The igni- tion system is almost entirely wear-free, as the ECU generates and processes the ignition signal electronically.		
	Firing sequence:	1-4-2-3.	
Fuel injection	This system is co metering of the fi whilst at the sam count. The key input va signal, intake air and exhaust tem	uipped with an electronic fuel injection system. ntrolled by the ECU and enables highly accurate uel according to operating and load conditions, e time also taking ambient conditions into ac- riables are throttle valve position, engine speed temperature, ambient pressure, boost pressure perature. quired fuel quantity or injection period is deter-	
	mined on the bas monitored contin	sis of the calculated air density in the airbox. It is uously.	

d05279.fm

The ECU is a digital engine control unit which contains the LANE A and the LANE B in a single housing. In principle, each LANE represents an independent computer.

In the "**AUTO**" (both LANE select switch "**ON**") setting, the ECU decides which LANE takes control (redundancy management) according to the health level of the EMS.

Any errors or values outside the operating limits are indicated by an EMS lamp for each lane.

NOTE: The ECU also contains an databus system (CANaerospace). A large number of engine parameters and warnings can be displayed on a separate display. Usage is up to the aircraft manufacturer.

Warning lamps Error messages

ECU

All the information messages, warnings and displays below relate to the lamps and not to databus information messages.

LANE A	LANE B	Action
OFF	Flashing	Limited flight operation
Flashing	OFF	Limited flight operation
OFF	ON	Land the aircraft
Flashing	Flashing	Land the aircraft
Flashing	ON	Land the aircraft
ON	OFF	Land the aircraft
ON	Flashing	Land the aircraft
ON	ON	Land the aircraft

ON = permanently on

Main functions of the ECU Other main functions of the ECU include:

- Ignition control
- Fuel injection control
- Indication of faults and values that are outside operating limits
- Storing faults
- Power supply monitoring

7.5) Propeller gearbox

Reduction ratio For the engine type 912 iSc/iS one reduction ratio is available.

Reduction ratio	912 iSc/iS
crankshaft: propeller shaft	2.43:1

Torsional shock absorber	The design incorporates a torsional shock absorber. The shock absorbing is based on progressive torsional cushioning due to axi- al spring load acting on a dog hub.
Governor	Alternatively a hydraulic governor for constant speed propeller can be used. The drive is via the propeller reduction gear.

8) Checks

SafetyAll checks to be carried out as specified in the current Mainte-
nance Manual (last revision).

	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! Only qualified staff (authorized by the Avi- ation Authorities) trained on this particu- lar engine, is allowed to carry out maintenance and repair work.	
NOTICE	Carry out all directives of Service Bulletins (SB), according to their priority .	
	Observe according Service Instructions (SI) and Service Letter (SL).	

Table of content

This chapter of the Operators Manual contains checks of the aircraft engines.

Subject	Page
Engine preservation	Page 8-2
Engine back to operation	Page 8-2

8.1) Engine preservation

General note

Risk of burnings and scalds! Hot engine parts! Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before start of any work.

Due to the special material of the cylinder wall, there is no need for extra protection against corrosion for the ROTAX aircraft engines. At extreme climatic conditions and for long out of service periods we recommend the following to protect the valve guides against corrosion:

Step	Procedure
1	Engine warm up.
2	Engine cool down.
3	Change oil.
4	Remove the top spark plugs and spray all openings withcorrosion inhibiting oil.
5	Turn the propeller several times by hand in direction of the en- gine rotation, so that the corrosion inhibiting oil all necessary points reaches.
6	Install the Spark plug in according the Maintenance Manual.
7	Close all openings on the cold engine, such as exhaust end pipe, venting tube, air filter etc. against entry of dirt and humidity.
8	Spray all external engine parts of steel with corrosion inhibit- ing oil.

8.2) Engine back to operation

If preservation including oil change took place within a year of storage, oil renewal will not be necessary. For longer storage periods repeat preservation annually.

Step	Procedure	
1	Remove all plugs and fasteners.	
2	2 Clean spark plugs with plastic brush and solvent.	

105280.fm

9) Supplement

 Introduction
 According to the regulation of EASA part 21 A.3 / FAR 21.3 the manufacturer shall evaluate field information and report to the authority. In case of any relevant occurrences that may involve malfunction of the engine, the form on the next page should be filled out and sent to the responsible authorized ROTAX® distributor.

 NOTE:
 The form is also available from the official ROTAX® AIRCRAFT ENGINES Website in electronic version.

 www.FLYROTAX.com

 Table of content
 This chapter of the Operators Manual contains the form and the list of authorized distributors for ROTAX aircraft engines.

Subject	Page
Form	Page 9-3
Authorized distributors	Page 9-5

NOTES

d05281.fm

		OPER. Control No.		 Comments (Describe the malfunction or defect and the circumstances under which it occurred. State probable cause and recommendations to prevent recurrence.) 	НО. НС	
AIRCHAT ENGINES		ATA Code		OFFICE OFFICE)TAA3° TANÐ I S	
CUSTOMER SERVICE INFORMATION REPORT	imer Iation report	1 A/C Reg No		a	DE3 OH	
Enter pertinent data	MANUFACTURER	MODEL/SERIES	SERIAL NUMBER			
2. AIRCRAFT				TO RITU		
3. POWERPLANT	ROTAX			COWW		
4. PROPFILER				<u>A00</u>		
5. SPECIFIC PART (of co	SPECIFIC PART (of component) CAUSING TROUBLE	JBLE		IEG		
Part Name	MFG. Model or Part No.	Serial No.	Part/Defect Location		7	
				XAT FIA		
6. ENGINE COMPONENT	ENGINE COMPONENT (Assembly that includes part)	part)		Ю		(
Engine/Comp. Name	Manufacturer	Model or Part No.	Serial Number)
						:938ML
Engine TSN	Engine TSO	Engine Condition	7. Date Sub.	Optional Information:	ED B.	и зис
				Check a box below, if this report is related to an aircraft	TTIMBU	ОНАЭЛЭ.

NOTES

9.2) Authorized Distributor

General note

See the official ROTAX_® AIRCRAFT ENGINES Website <u>www.FLYROTAX.com</u>

List

Overview about authorized distributor for ROTAX aircraft engines.

Subject	Page
Europe	Page 9-6
America Australia Africa	Page 9-7 Page 9-7 Page 9-7
Asia	Page 9-8

1) E U R O P E

CZECHIA / SLOVAKIA:

►TEVESO S.R.O. Skroupova 441 CS-50002 HRADEC KRALOVE Tel.: +42 049 / 5217 127, Fax: +42 049 / 5217 226 E-mail: motory@teveso.cz Website: www.teveso.cz Contact persons: Ing. Jiri Samal

SWEDEN / FINLAND / NORWAY / ESTONIA / LATVIA / LITHUANIA / DENMARK:

►LYCON ENGINEERING AB Härkeberga, SE-74596 ENKÖPING Tel.: +46 (0) 171 / 414039, E-mail: info@lycon.se Website: <u>www.aeronord.eu</u>

FRANCE / ALGERIA / BELGIUM / LU-XEMBURG / MAROCCO / MONACO / TUNESIA:

➤MOTEUR AERO DISTRIBUTION 11 Blvd Albert 1 98000 MONACO Tel.: +377 (0) 93 30 17 40, Fax: +377 (0) 93 30 17 60 E-mail: mad@libello.com Website: <u>www.moteuraerodistribution.com</u> Contact person: Philippe Thys

GERMANY / AUSTRIA / BULGARIA / HUNGARY / LIECHTENSTEIN / ROMANIA / SWITZERLAND / THE NETHERLANDS:

► FRANZ AIRCRAFT ENGINES VERTRIEB GMBH

Am Weidengrund 1a, 83135 Schechen, GERMANY Tel.: +49 (0) 8039 / 90350, Fax: +49 (0) 8039 / 9035-35 E-mail: info@franz-aircraft.de Website: <u>www.franz-aircraft.de</u> Contact person: Eduard Franz

GREAT BRITAIN / IRELAND / ICELAND:

➤SKYDRIVE LTD. Burnside, Deppers Bridge SOUTHAM, WARWICKSHIRE CV47 2SU Tel.: +44 (0) 1926 / 612 188, Fax: +44 (0) 1926 / 613 781 E-mail: sales@skydrive.co.uk Website: www.skydrive.co.uk Contact person: Nigel Beale

SLOVENIA:

► PIPISTREL D.O.O. AJDOVSCINA

Goriska Cesta 50A 5270 AJDOVSCINA Tel.: +386 (0) 5 / 3663 873, Fax: +386 (0) 5 / 3661 263 E-mail:info@pipistrel.si Website:www.pipistrel.si Contact person: Leon Brecelj

POLAND:

- ►FASTON LTD.
 - ul. Zwirki i Wigury 47 PL-21-040 SWIDNIK Tel.: +48 (0) 81/751-2882; Fax: +48 (0) 81 / 751-5740 E-mail: faston@go2.pl Contact person: Mariusz Oltarzewski

ITALY / CROATIA / CYPRUS / GREECE / MALTA / PORTUGAL / SPAIN / TUR-KEY / FORMER YUGOSLAVIA (EXEPT SLOVENIA)

►LUCIANO SORLINI S.P.A.

Piazza Roma, 1 Carzago di Calvagese Riviera (Brescia), Italy Tel.: +39 030 / 601 033, Fax: +39 030 / 601 463 E-mail: avio@sorlini.com Website: www.sorlini.com Contact person: Alberto Comincioli

2) A M E R I C A CANADA:

➤ROTECH RESEARCH CANADA, LTD. 6235 Okanagan Landing Rd. VERNON, B.C., V1H 1M5, CANADA Tel.: +1 250 / 260-6299, Fax: +1 250 / 260-6269 E-mail: inquiries@rotec.com Website: www.rotec.com

3) AUSTRALIA/

NEW ZEALAND/

PAPUA NEW GUINEA:

► BERT FLOOD IMPORTS PTY. LTD. P.O. Box 61, 16-17 Chris Drive LILYDALE, VICTORIA 3140 Tel.: +61 (0) 3 / 9735 5655, Fax: +61 (0) 3 / 9735 5699 E-mail: wal@bertfloodimports.com.au Website: www.bertfloodimports.com.au Contact person: Mark Lester

4) AFRICA EGYPT:

►AL MOALLA

P.O. Box 7787, ABU DHABI Tel.: +971 (0) 2/ 444 7378, Fax: +971 (0) 2/444 6896 E-mail: almoalla@emirates.net.ae Contact person: Hussain Al Moalla

NORTH / MIDDLE / SOUTH AMERICA:

► KODIAK RESEARCH LTD.

P.O. Box N 658 Bay & Deveaux Street NASSAU, BAHAMAS Tel.: +1 242 / 356 5377, Fax: +1 242 / 356 2409 E-mail: custsupport@kodiakbs.com Website: www.kodiakbs.com

LIBYA:

►LUCIANO SORLINI S.P.A. Piazza Roma, 1 Carzago di Calvagese Riviera (Brescia), Italy Tel.: +39 030 / 601 033, Fax: +39 030 / 601 463 E-maii: avio@sorlini.com Website: www.sorlini.com Contact person: Alberto Comincioli

ANGOLA / BOTSWANA / LESOTHO/ MADAGASCAR / MALAWI / MOZAM-BIQUE/ NAMIBIA / SOUTH AFRICA / SWAZILAND/ ZAMBIA / ZIMBABWE:

►AVIATION ENGINES ANDACCESSORIES (PTY) LTD

P.O. Box 15749, Lambton 1414, SOUTH AFRICA Tel.: +27 (0) 11 / 824 3368, Fax: +27 (0) 11 / 824 3339 E-mail: niren@cometaviationsupplies.co.za Website: <u>www.aviation-engines.co.za</u> Contact person: Niren Chotoki

GHANA / BENIN / BURKINA FASO / CAMEROON / CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC / CONGO / GABON / GUINEA / IVORY COAST / MALI / MAURITANIA / NIGER/ NIGERIA / SENEGAL / TOGO:

►WAASPS LTD

PMB KA49, Kotoka International Airport, Accra, GHANA Tel.: +233 (0) 28 5075254, Fax: +233 (0) 217 717 92 E-mail:info@waasps.com Website:<u>www.waasps.com</u> Contact person: Jonathan Porter

5) A S I A CHINA / HONG KONG / MACAO:

► PEIPORT INDUSTRIES LTD.

Rm. 1302, Westlands Centre 20 Westlands Road, Quarry Bay HONG KONG Tel.: +852 (0) 2885 / 9525, Fax: +852 (0) 2886 / 3241 E-mail: admin@peiport.com.hk Website: <u>www.peiport.com</u> Contact person: Larry Yeung

CIS:

►AVIAGAMMA JSCO.

P.O. Box 51, 125 057 MOSCOW Tel.: +7 499 / 158 31 23, Fax: +7 499 / 158 62 22 E-mail: aviagamma@mtu-net.ru Website: www.aviagamma.ru Contact person: Vladimir Andriytschuk General Director

KOREA:

►KOREA BUSINESS AIR SERVICE CO. LTD.

672-4 KBAS Bldg. Deungchon-dong, Kangseo-ku, Seoul, South Korea Tel.: +82 (0) 2 / 3664 - 6644 Fax: +82 (0) 2 / 2658 - 6562 E-mail: sd.lim@kbas.com Website: www.kbas.com Contact person:Su Dong Lim

INDONESIA / MALAYSIA / PHILIP-PINES / SINGAPORE / THAILAND / TAIWAN:

►BERT FLOOD IMPORTS PTY. LTD.

P.O. Box 61, 16-17 Chris Drive LILYDALE, VICTORIA 3140 Tel.: +61 (0) 3 / 9735 5655, Fax: +61 (0) 3 / 9735 5699 E-mail:wal@bertfloodimports.com.au Website: <u>www.bertfloodimports.com.au</u> Contact person: Mark Lester

UNITED ARAB. EMIRATES:

➤AL MOALLA P.O. Box 7787 ABU DHABI Tel.: +971 (0) 2 / 444 7378, Fax: +971 (0) 2 / 444 6896 E-maii: almoalla@emirates.net.ae Contact person: Hussain Al Moalla

ISRAEL:

►LUCIANO SORLINI S.P.A.

Piazza Roma, 1 Carzago di Calvagese Riviera (Brescia), Italy Tel.: +39 030 / 601 033, Fax: +39 030 / 601 463 E-mail: avio@sorlini.com Website: www.sorlini.com Contact person: Alberto Comincioli

JAPAN:

►JUA, LTD.

1793 Fukazawa, Gotemba City SHIZUOKA PREF 412 Tel.: +81 (0) 550 / 83 8860, Fax: +81 (0) 550 / 83 8224 E-mail: jua@shizuokanet.ne.jp Contact person:Yoshihiko Tajika President

INDIA:

►VARMAN AVIATION PVT. LTD.

Aviation Complex, 16-17 EPIP, Whitefield BANGALORE - 560066 Tel.: +91 (0) 80 / 28412536, 28412655, 28412656 Fax: +91 (0) 80 / 28413559 E-mail: varman@blr.vsnl.net.in Website: <u>www.varman.com</u> Contact person: M. M. Varman

IRAN:

►ASEMAN PISHRANEH CO.

Register Code: 149432 13 Km of Babaee Exp. Way, next to Telo Road, Sepehr Aero Club, Tehran, IRAN Tel.: +98 (0) 21 77000201, Fax: +98 (0) 21 77000030 E-mail: info@asmpish.com Contact person: Ali Habibi Najafi

d05281.fm



Motornummer / Engine serial no.

Flugzeugtype / Type of aircraft

Flugzeugkennzeichen / Aircraft registration no.

ROTAX® Vertriebspartner

ROTAX® authorized distributor





WWW.FLYROTAX.COM

🐵 and TM are trademarks of BRP-Powertrain GmbH & Co KG. © 2011 BRP-Powertrain GmbH & Co KG. All rights reserved